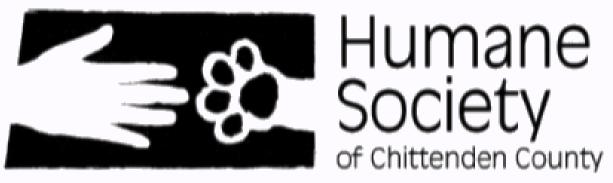


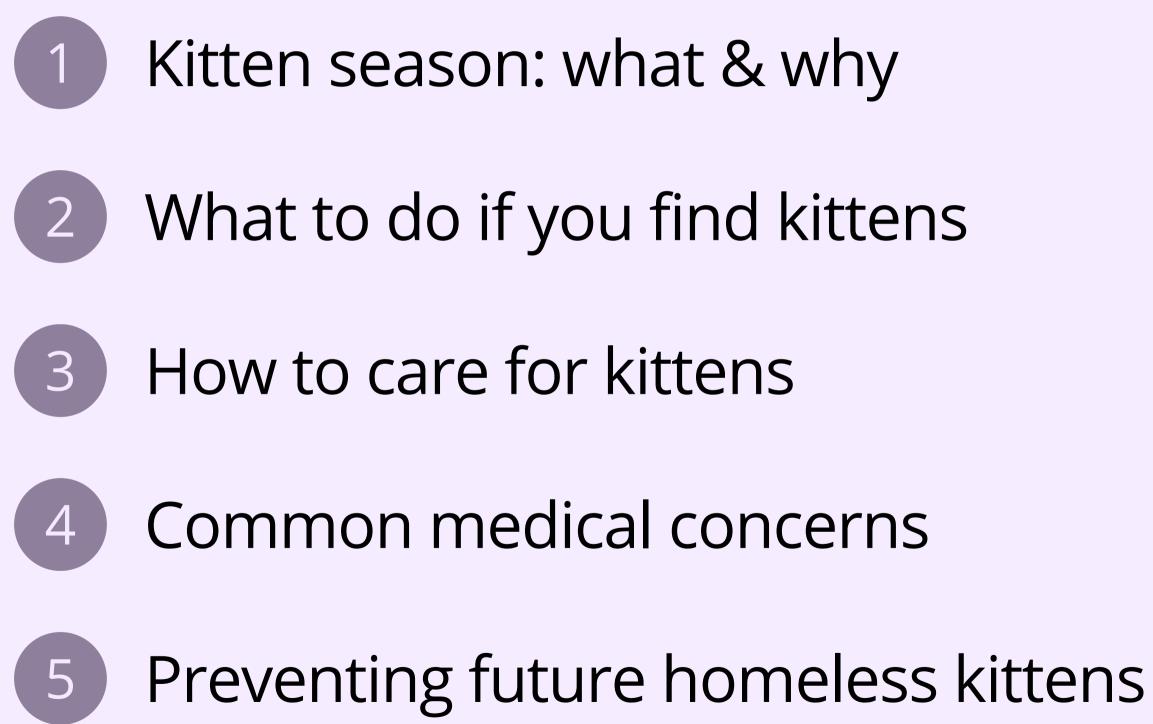
Humane Education Series



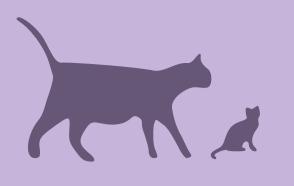
Kitten Season 101: Bottle Babies & Beyond!



Kitten Season 101: Agenda







What is kitten season?

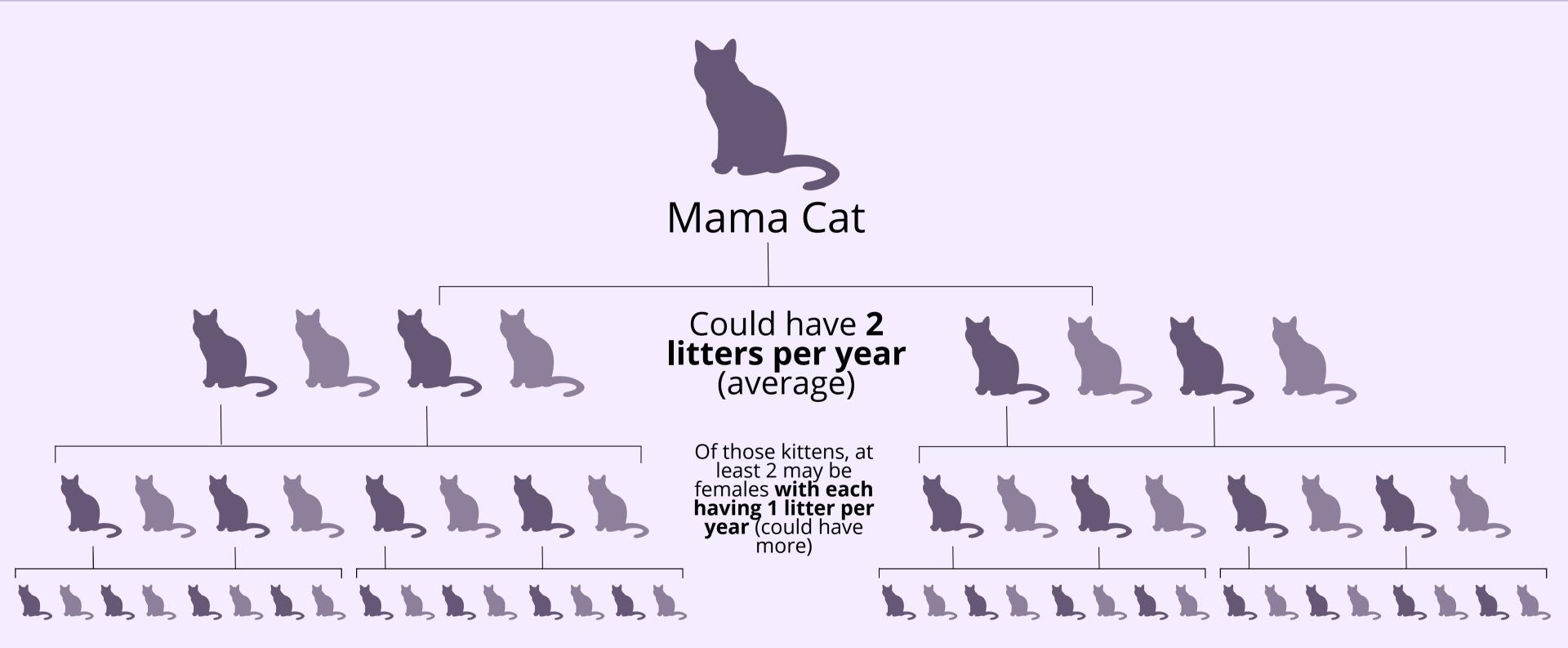
Cats typically go in to heat **April - October**

Breeding season!

Many litters of kittens are born



What is kitten season?



And the cycle keeps on going!





Why is kitten season?

K

Lots of **unaltered** male & female cats (owned + feral)

Litters range from **4-8** kittens

Cats reach sexual maturity as young as 4 months old

Gestation period = 60 days

Cats can have **multiple** litters per year

Kitten Season 101: Agenda









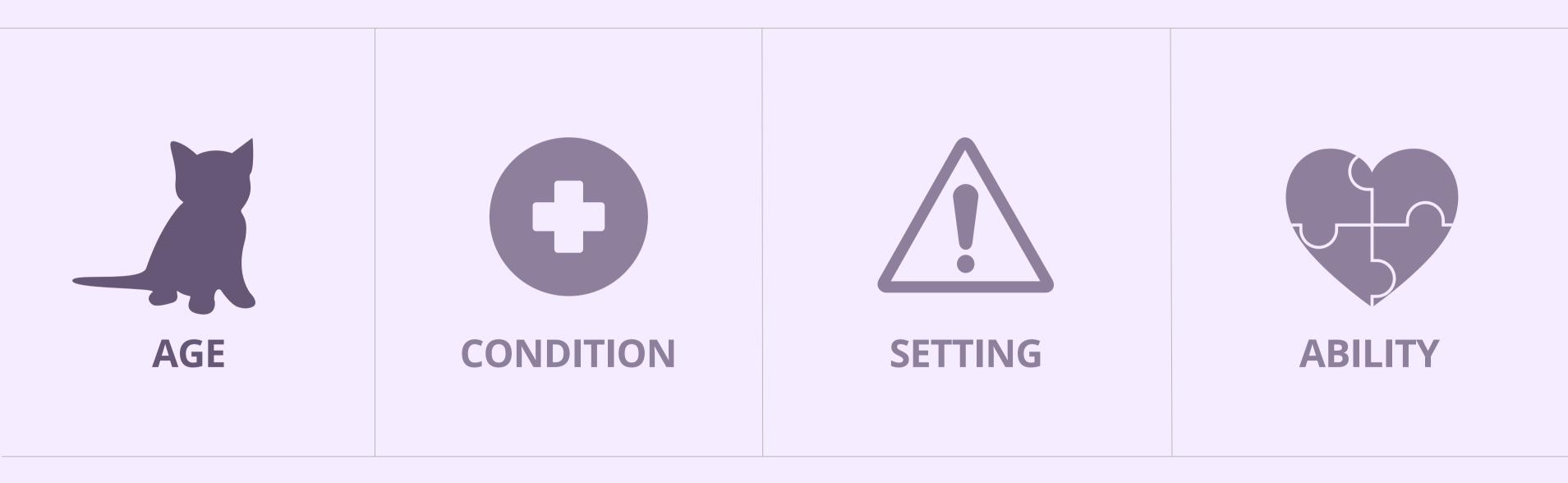


?





Consider the following factors:









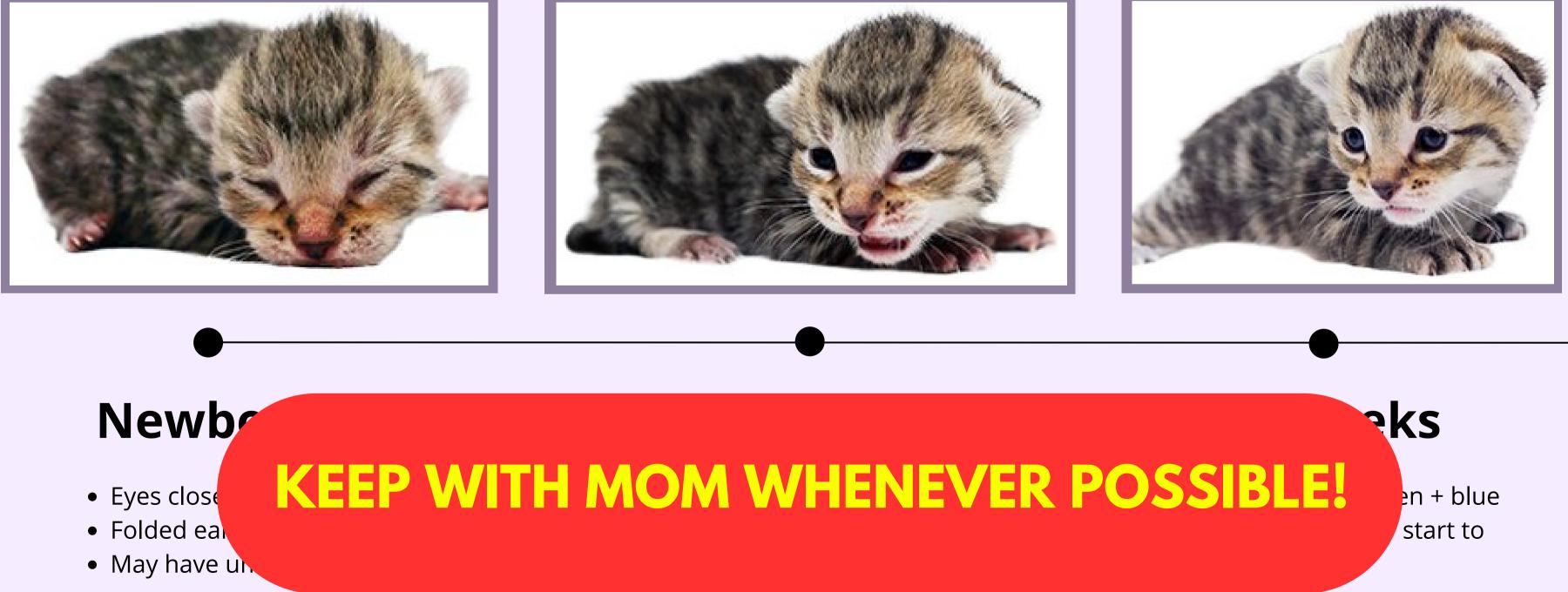
Newborn

- Eyes closed
- Folded ears
- May have umbilical cord

1 Week

- Eyes may start to open
- Ears start to unfold
- Smaller than your hand

- Eyes fully open + blue
- Incisors may start to show







3 Weeks

- Eyes fully open and blue
- Ears fully upright
- Starting to walk but wobbly

4 Weeks

- Eyes still blue
- Starting to explore
- Can start weaning and litter box training





- Steady on their feet
- Playful
- Can eat wet kitten food supplemented with milk



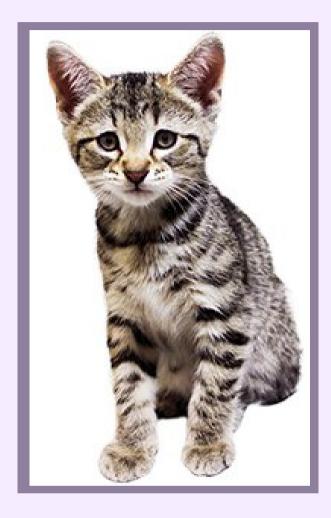


6 Weeks

- Weigh about 1-1.5 lbs
- Can clean themselves
- Can be fully weaned and survive without mom

7 Weeks

- Eyes may change color
- Highly mobile
- Can eat wet + dry kitten food



- Eyes now their adult color
- Weigh about 2 lbs
- Exclusively eating solid food



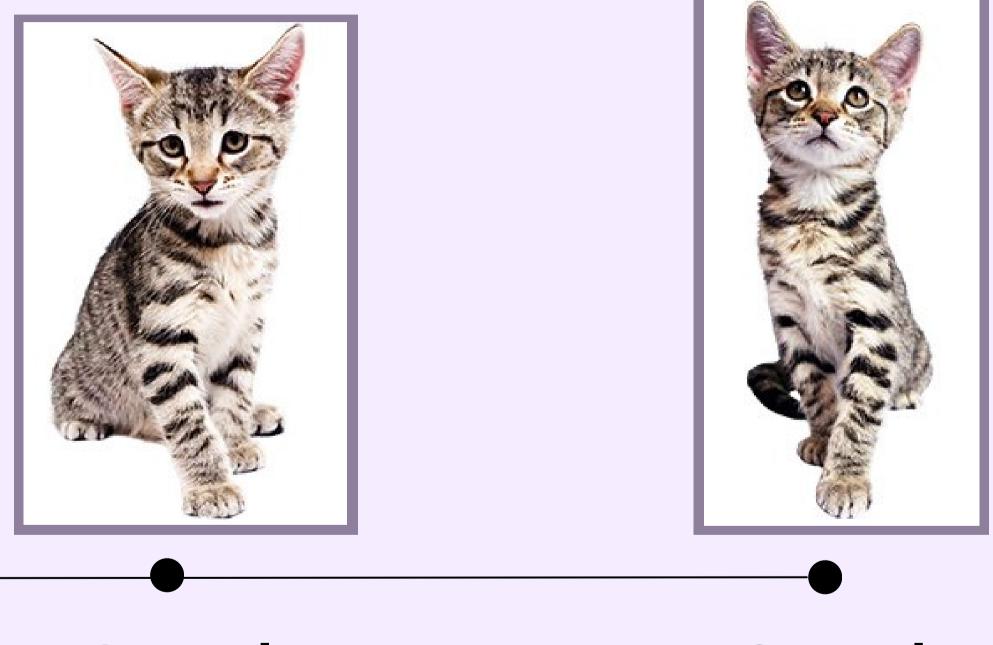
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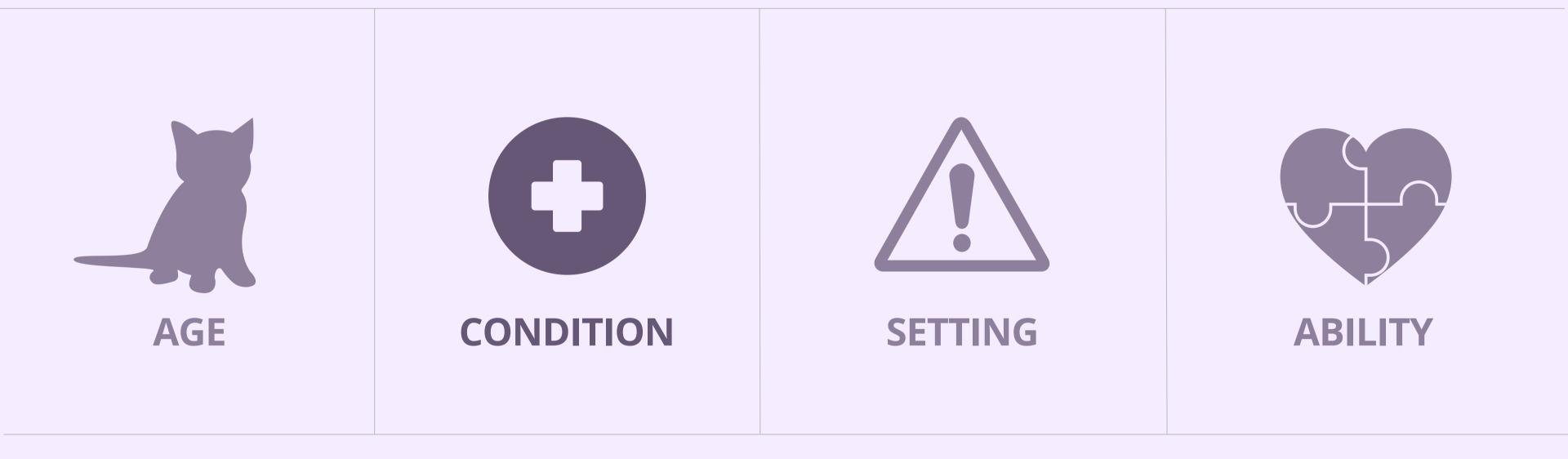






All grown up and ready to find a home!





What condition is the kitten in?





- Clean and alert
- Portly and well-fed
- Not in distress

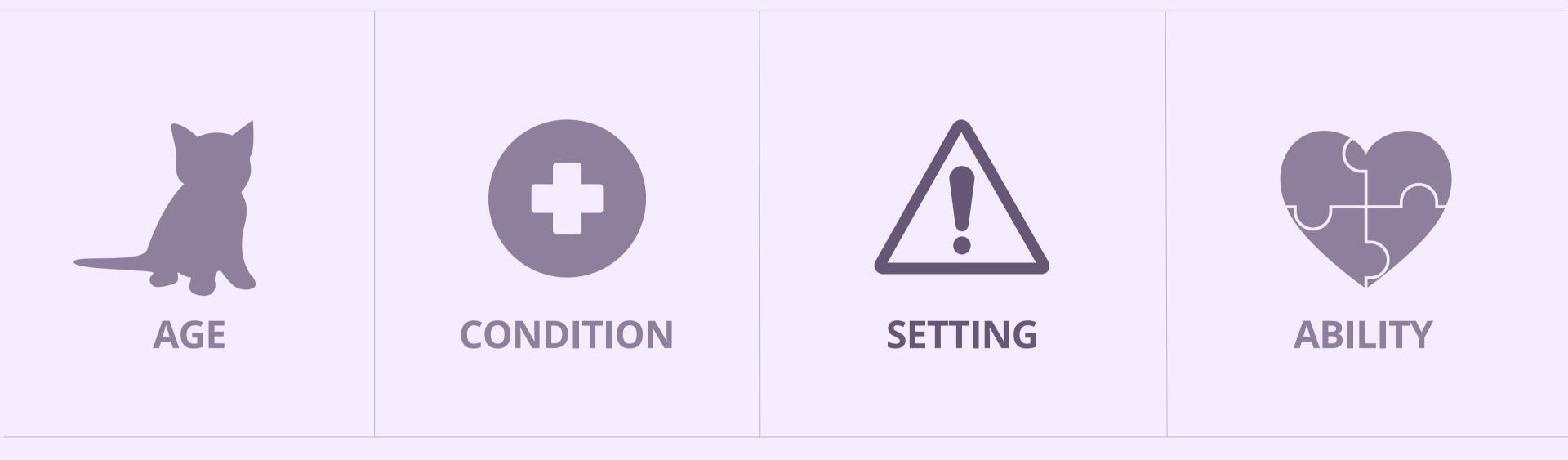




Bad Condition

• Dirty or covered in waste • Skinny, visibly underweight • In distress or medical crisis







What's the setting?



- Mom is present
- Caregiver is present
- Family has food, water, & shelter



- Mom is missing (and doesn't come back)
- Extreme weather
- Situational hazards

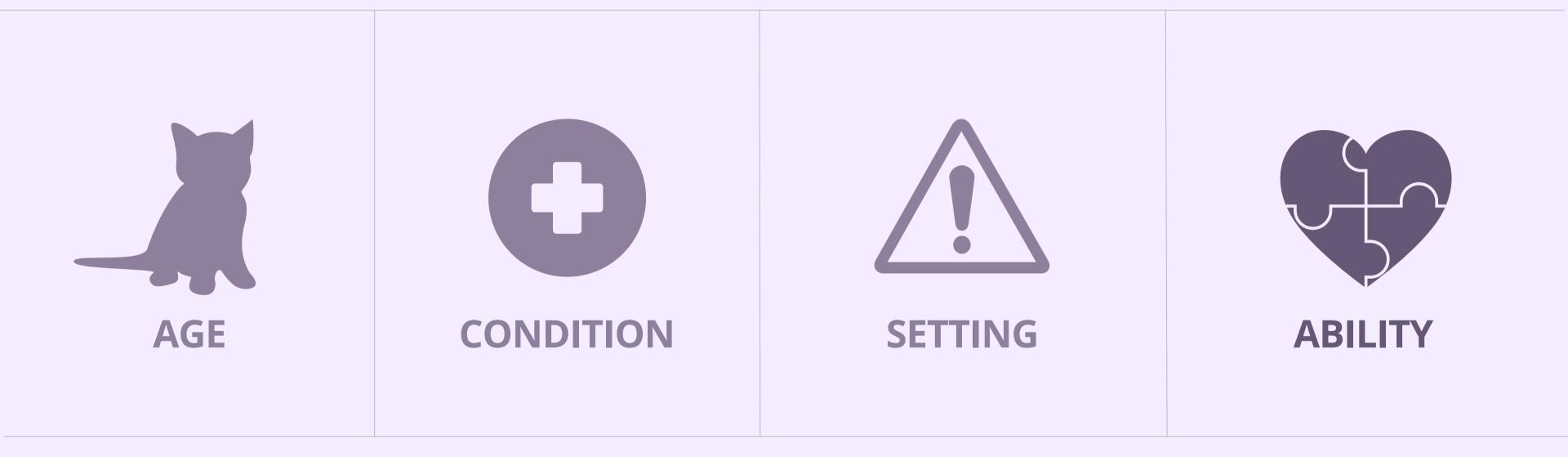
Every situation is different, so use your best judgment!

You can always call HSCC for help and guidance.



Unsafe Setting







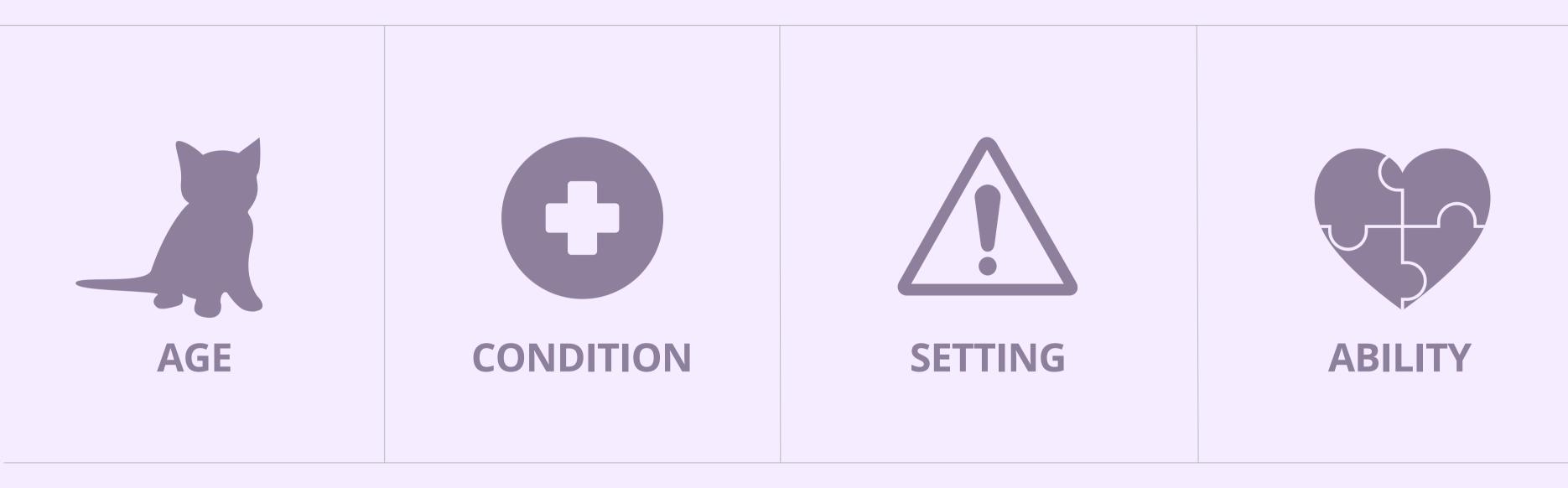
How are you able to help?

- Am I able to observe and assess the situation? Ask yourself:
 - Am I able to provide foster care?
 - Do I have the time to safely and comfortably meet the needs of kitten care?

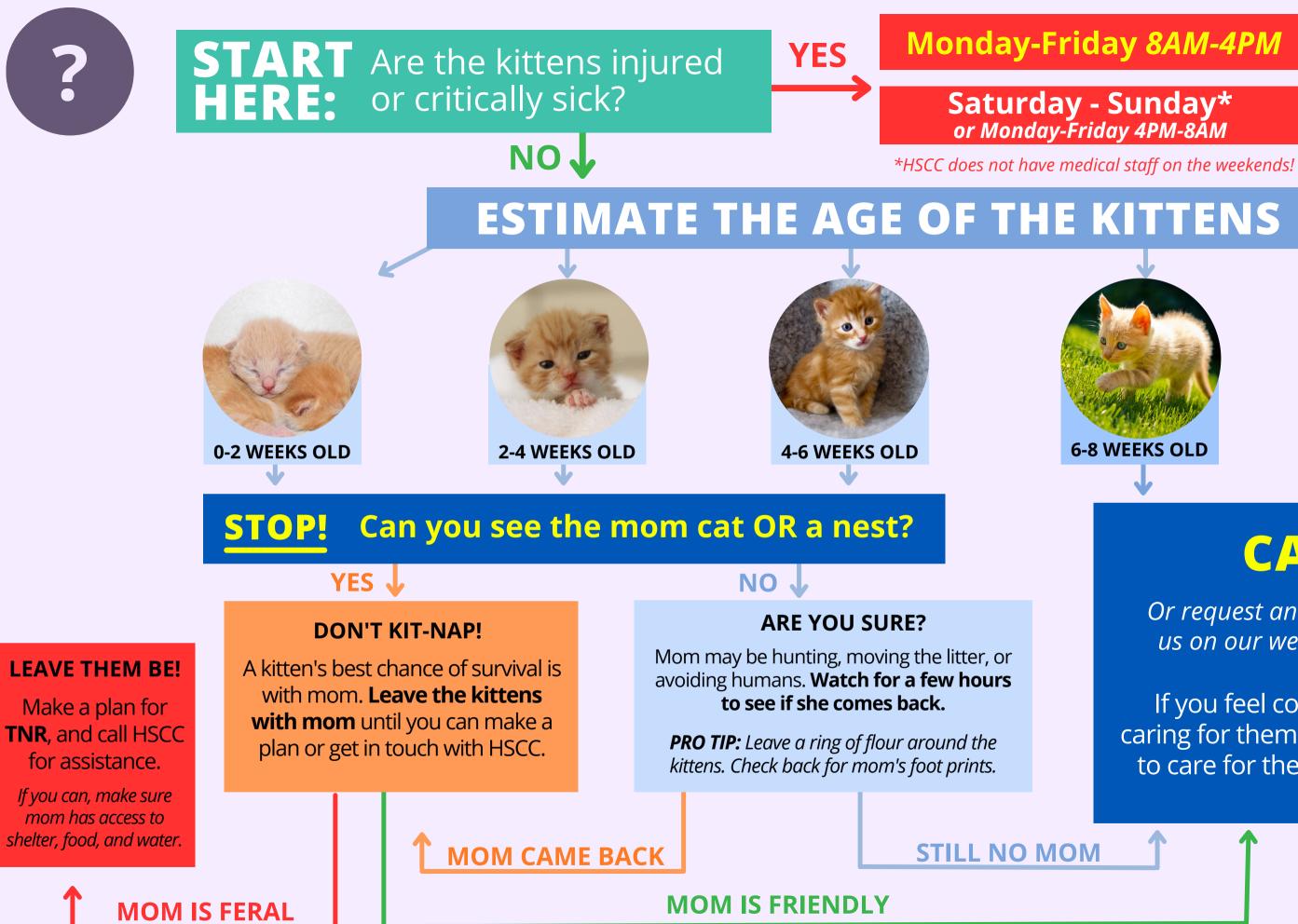
Be realistic about what you're able to do in a given situation, and work within your means and capacity!



Okay, I've considered the factors...



What's next?





CALL BEVS



CALL HSCC!

Or request an appointment to bring them to us on our website under "Rehoming a Pet"

If you feel comfortable and confident in caring for them, please take the kittens home to care for them until we can take them in.

Feral vs. Friendly

MOM IS FERAL

- Won't meow, beg, or purr
- Unlikely to make eye contact, won't blink
- May crawl, crouch, stay low to ground
- Will not approach people

TNR (Trap-Neuter-Return) is the best option. If the kittens are **4-6 weeks old**, the whole family should be trapped so mom can be TNR'd and kittens can be socialized and adopted.

- Will likely look at you, blink
- May walk with tail up
- May approach people, houses

Follow recommendations for strays and try to find an owner. The whole family can be brought inside.



MOM IS FRIENDLY

May be vocal



Why would you leave kittens outside?

- Isn't it dangerous?
 - It depends on the situation, but keep in mind that cats are incredibly resourceful, especially if they're used to living outside.
- Wouldn't they have a better chance of survival inside?
 - It depends on the cat (and the situation), but neonatal kittens always have a better chance of survival with their mom, even if it's outside.
- Won't they be happier in a home?
 - Also depends on the cat! Even if your home is very nice, a mother cat may become so stressed by being confined in the new environment that it impacts her health and her ability to care for her kittens.

What if I can't help?

If you find kittens or a family and you don't have the capacity to help, *it's okay*.

Keep in mind that cats are smart, resourceful, and capable of surviving and thriving in a variety of different circumstances.

Kitten Season 101: Agenda







With mom

- Take care of mom
- Observe and socialize kittens

Without mom

• Bottle feeding Stimulation Socialization



Set Up

- Heat source
- Bedding (towels, blankets)
- Hiding spot (for mom)
- Kitten proof the area
- Keep separate from other animals (bathrooms, bedrooms with closets)





Bottle Feeding

for kittens 0-4 weeks old

Tools:

- KMR
- Syringe or bottle
- Miracle nipple

Tips:

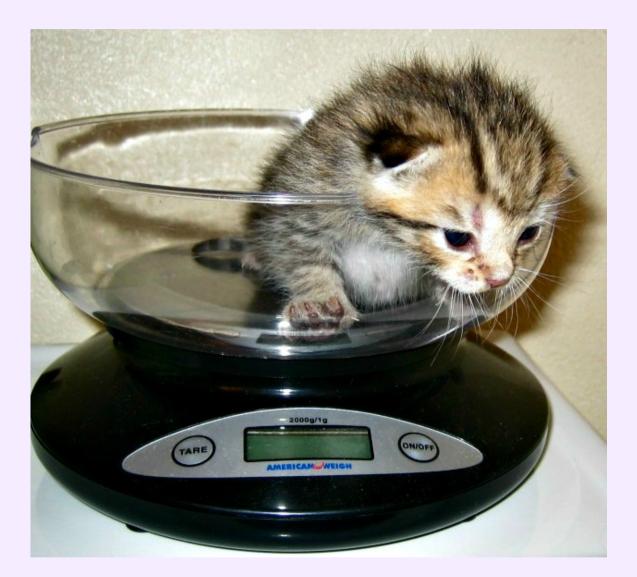
- Make sure formula is comfortably warm
- Keep kitten tummy-down
- Hold kitten steady
- Invert bottle to allow flow
- Do NOT squeeze the bottle!



Bottle Feeding

kitten weight and feeding chart

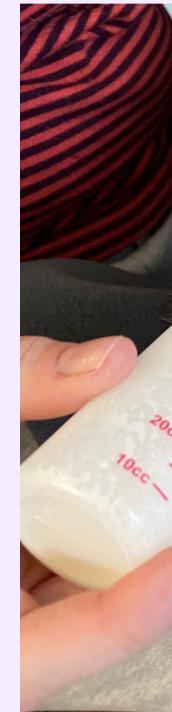
AGE	WEIGHT	AMOUNT PER FEEDING	SCHEDULE
0-1 week	50-150 grams	2-6 ml	Every 2 hours
1-2 weeks	150-250 grams	6-10 ml	Every 2-3 hours
2-3 weeks	250-350 grams	10-14 ml	Every 3-4 hours
3-4 weeks	350-450 grams	14-18 ml	Every 4-5 hours
4-5 weeks	450-550 grams	18-22 ml	Every 5-6 hours
5-8 weeks	550-850 grams	(weaning; offer ample wet food)	Every 6 hours



Weigh kittens daily to ensure weight gain!



Bottle Feeding Demonstration!







Stimulating for kittens 0-4 weeks old

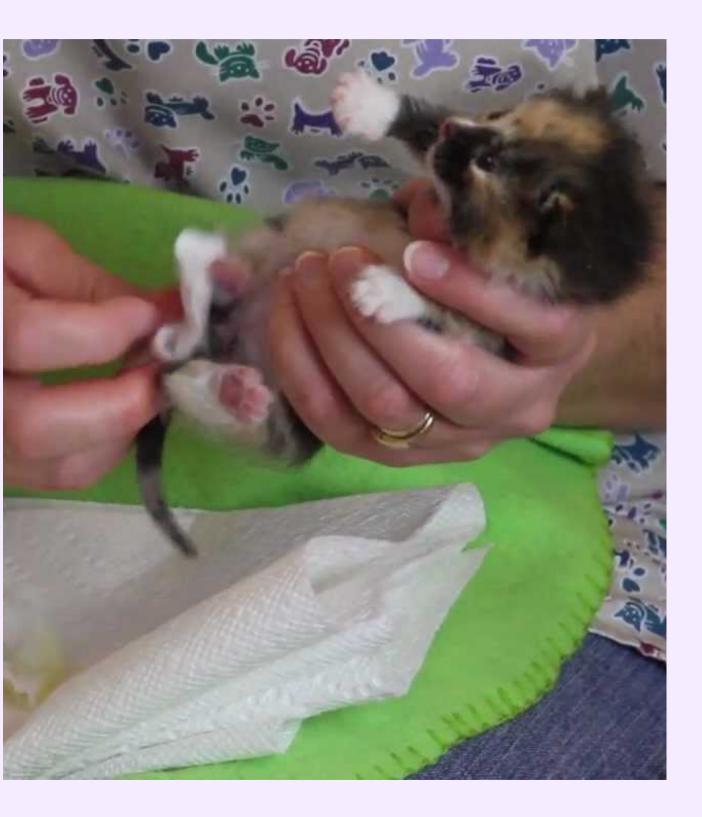
- Kittens under 4 weeks old need help to pee and poop!
- Stimulate after bottle feeding
- Warm, moist wash cloth
- Gently rub anal area to stimulate urination and defecation





Stimulating for kittens 0-4 weeks old

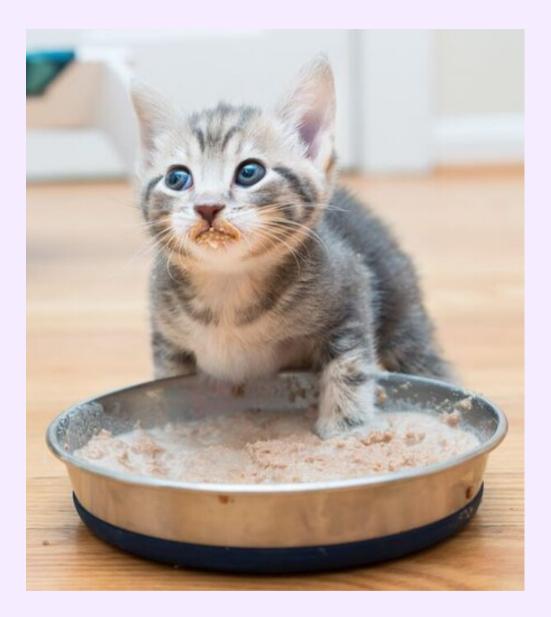
- Pee = every time you feed them
- Poop = a few times a day
- Kitten poop is normally mustard yellow with the consistency of toothpaste
- Gently clean area with a baby wipe





Weaning for kittens 4+ weeks old

- Don't rush it!
- Kitten food slurry mixed with formula (*if no mom*) or water (*if they are nursing*)
- Offer small bites on a spoon or finger
- Continue to supplement with formula or nursing





Socialization for kittens 2+ weeks old

Critical window = 2-6 weeks old

Socialization methods:

- Touch
- Purrito
- Play
- Use food

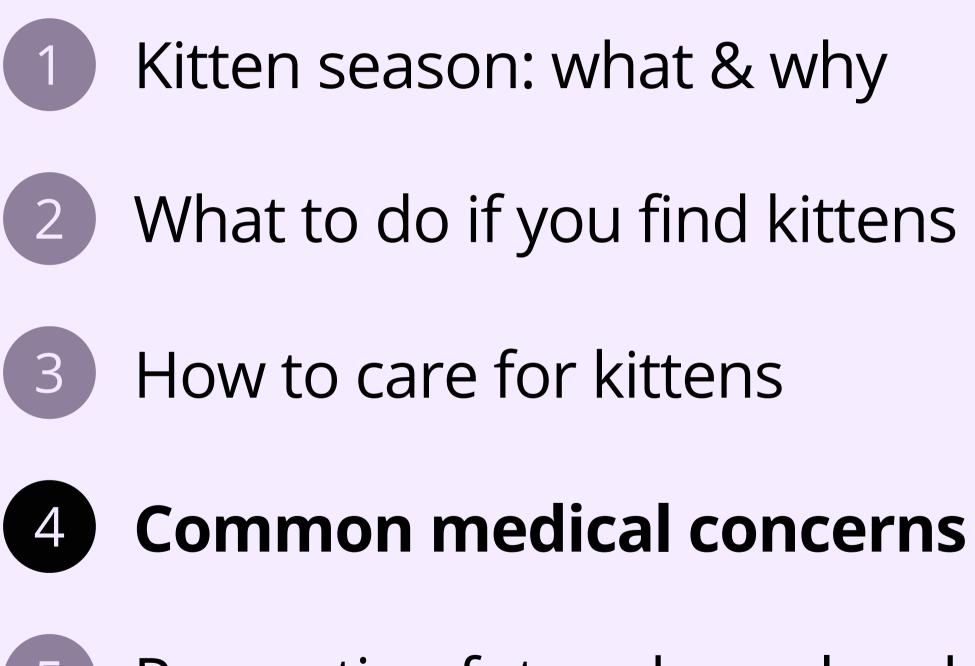




Kitten's first vet care

- First distemper vaccine: 4-6 weeks old, boosters every 2-3 weeks until 5 months old
- First rabies vaccine: 3 months old
- **Deworming (Pyrantel):** start at 2 weeks old, 3 rounds every 2 weeks
- First flea treatment: 8 weeks old

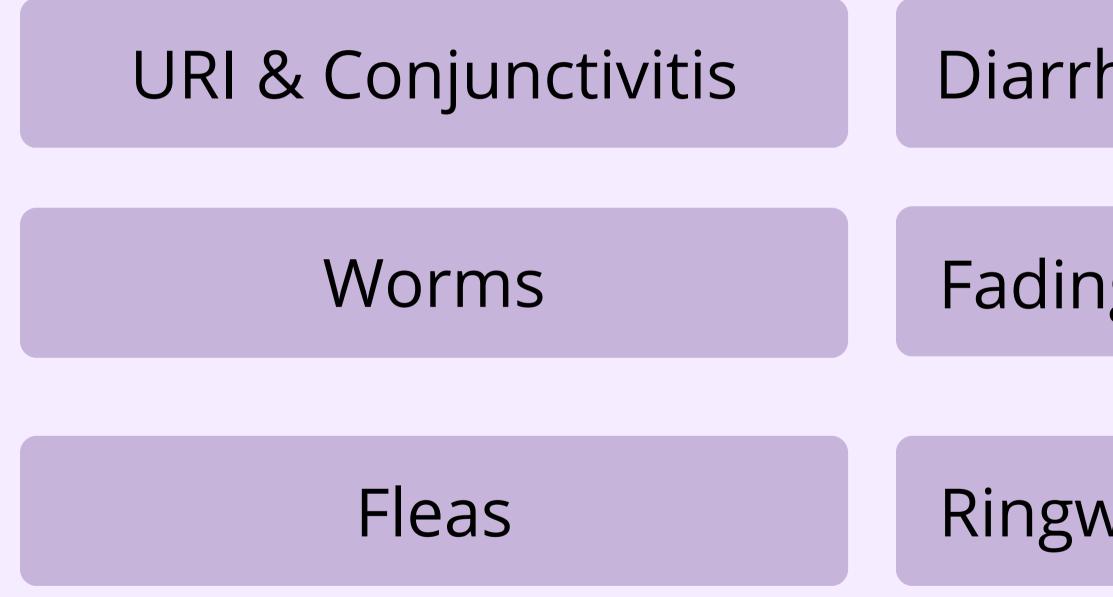
Kitten Season 101: Agenda



Preventing future homeless kittens 5









Diarrhea & Constipation

Fading Kitten Syndrome

Ringworm, Panleuk, etc.



URI (Upper Respiratory Infection) + **Conjunctivitis**

Symptoms:

- Nasal discharge
- Sneezing
- Lack of appetite
- Decreased energy, lethargy
- Eye discharge (cloudy, yellow, or greenish)

Solutions:

- Fluids
- Antibiotics*

*Medications must be prescribed by a veterinarian



• Stimulate appetite

• Warm compress/steam

Anti-nausea medication*

Worms (roundworms, hookworms, tapeworms)

Symptoms:

- Vomiting
- Diarrhea
- Seeing worms in vomit/stool
- Swollen or distended belly
- Decreased energy, lethargy

- Fecal test through vet
- Dewormer
 - Different depending on parasite
 - Get from a vet
 - In a pinch, can get dewormer from
 - Tractor Supply, but be very careful
 - with dosage!



Fleas

Symptoms:

- Visible fleas on coat/skin
- Flea dirt (flea poop!)
- Fur loss/skin irritation

Solutions:

- Flea bath
 - Dawn dish soap + flea comb
 - Be sure to blow dry!
- only)



• Flea/tick treatment (8+ weeks



Diarrhea

Symptoms:

- Loose or liquid stool
- May also be vomiting
- May also have low appetite

- Keep kittens hydrated!!
 - Can mix formula with Pedialyte instead of water
- - Fluids
- Stimulate appetite
- Rule out worms
- Fortiflora or other probiotic
- Consistent diet





Constipation

Symptoms:

- 24+ hours without pooping
- Straining
- Small, hard stool
- Distended abdomen
- Palpable stool build-up

- Hydration
 - Pedialyte or fluids
- Warm water bath
- Miralax (ask a vet for dosage)
- Lactulose
- Enema (VETS + EXPERTS ONLY!)





Fading Kitten Syndrome (AKA "failure to thrive")

Symptoms:

- Hypothermia/low body temp
- Extreme lethargy
- Labored breathing
- Excessive vocalization

- Provide warmth
- Increase blood sugar
 - Karo syrup
 - Nutrical
- Seek emergency vet care

Ringworm

- Scaly, circular patches of hair loss (usually not itchy)
- Zoonotic (people and other animals can get it!)
- Requires prescribed antifungals
- Lime sulfur dip *(topical treatment*)

Anemia

- Symptoms:
- Usually from fleas, but can have other causes
- If severely flea infested, treat the fleas
- If no fleas, seek a vet ASAP

- Lethargy, not eating
- Pale to white gums

FIP (Feline Infectious Peritonitis)

- General symptoms:
 - Inappetence
 - Vomiting
 - Lethargy
 - Eye or neurologic changes
- Difficult to diagnose
- Even harder to treat
- Usually fatal
- Could be a whole topic in itself...

Panleukopenia (Feline Distemper)

- Viral disease in cats/kittens
- Causes vomiting, diarrhea, severe dehydration
- Often fatal!
- Supportive emergency care is best: • IV fluids

 - Appetite stimulants
 - Antinausea meds
- Highly contagious *isolate from* other cats and disinfect everything!

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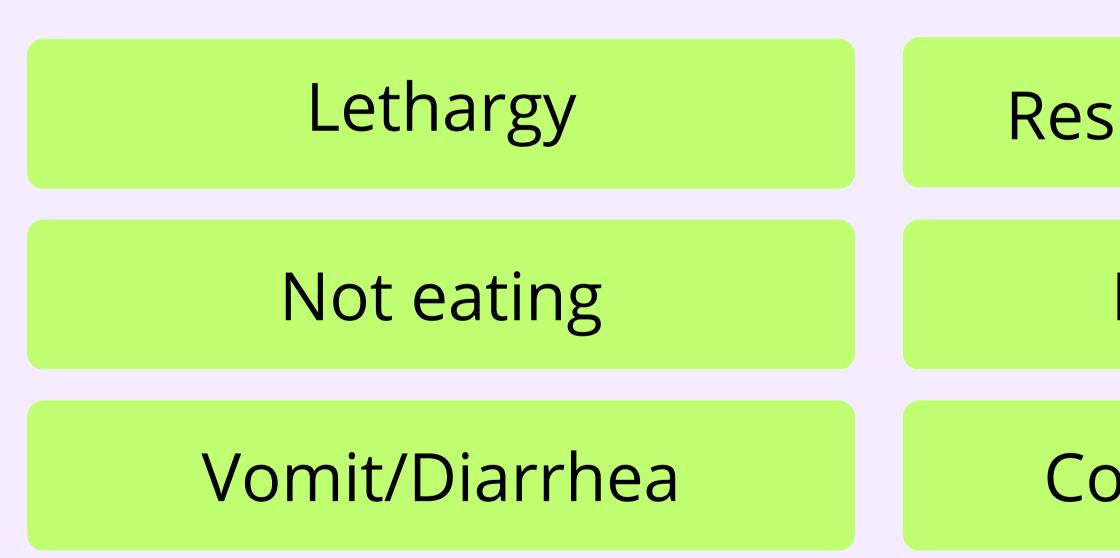
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Panleukopenia (Feline Distemper)

Viral disease in cats/kittens



When to seek urgent care

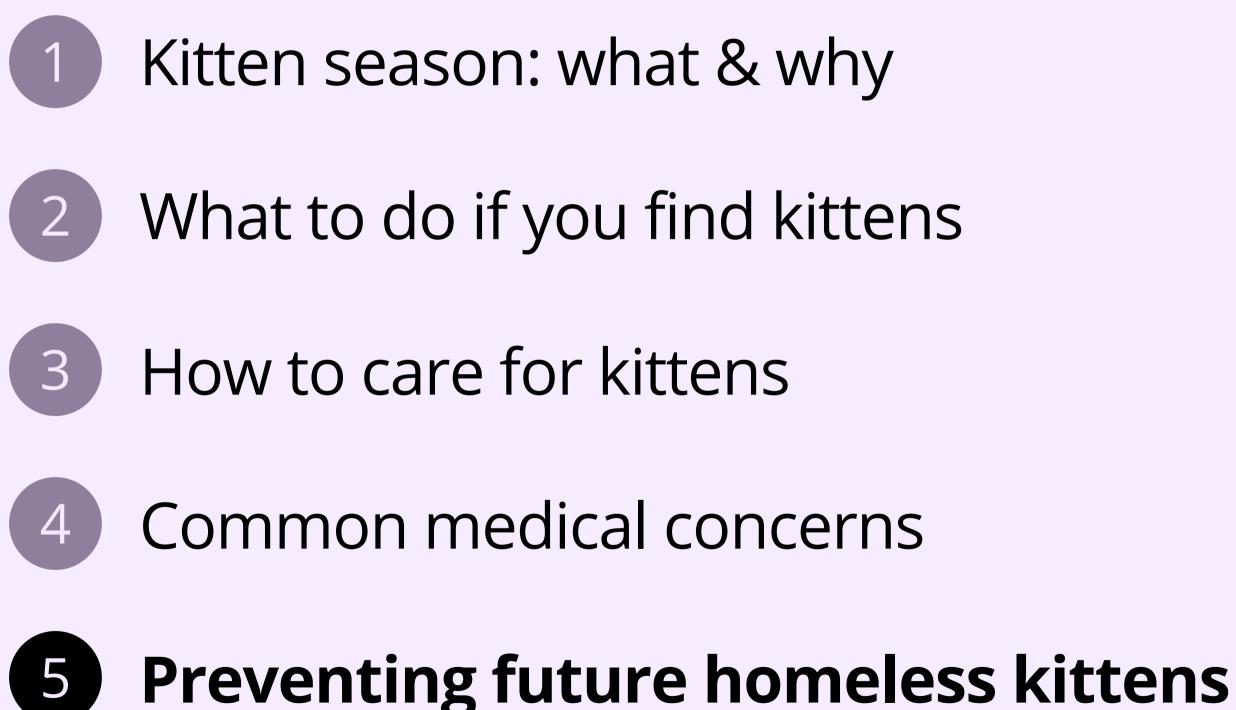


Respiratory Distress

Not urinating

Collapse/Seizures

Kitten Season 101: Agenda







Preventing Homeless Kittens



Spay & Neuter Your Cats!

Spay-The-Mom Program



TNR (Trap-Neuter-Return)



Preventing Homeless Kittens

Spay & Neuter Your Cats!

- HSCC's Community Pet Clinic offers lowcost spay & neuter for cats (and dogs!)
- Kira's Fund is available to help local families who cannot afford cat spay/neuter







Community Pet Clinic

Low-cost preventative veterinary care services

Spay/Neuter Clinic

*Mondays, Tuesdays, & every other Thursday**

All surgeries include:

+ Rabies / Distemper vaccines

Humane Society

- + Bordetella vaccine (dogs only)
- + Flea/tick treatment
- + Nail trimming
- + Ear cleaning

*By appointment only

Learn more + book on our website hsccvt.org/community-pet-clinic or call us at (802) 923-9028!





- For pregnant or nursing cats (dogs too!)
- Free spay, vaccines, and microchip
- HSCC finds homes for kittens

For more information, call (802) 862-0135 or visit hsccvt.org/surrender-prevention

Spay The Mom Program



Preventing Homeless Kittens

TNR (Trap-Neuter-Return)

- Feral cats only
- Returning to original location
- Caretakers provide food & water
- Rent a humane trap from HSCC
- Before you start trapping: make a plan and an appointment
- Free TNR through the CPC For more information, call (802) 923-9028 or visit hsccvt.org/community-pet-clinic



Interested in fostering?

Become a kitten foster for HSCC!

Apply today on our website: hsccvt.org/Foster-Care







Resources

<u>Kitten Lady</u>

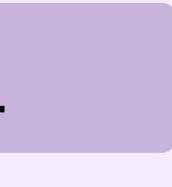
<u>Alley Cat Allies</u>

Maddie's Fund

Best Friends Animal Society









Thank you for coming!

